

In The Claims:

1. through 3. (Previously Cancelled)

4. (Currently Amended) A method of treating hepatitis C in a human in which interferon is effective comprising the steps of:

1) intravenously, transmucosally, or hepatic intra-arterially administering to the human a complex of a cationic liposome consisting essentially of 2-O-(2-diethylaminoethyl) carbamoyl-1, 3-dioleoylglycerol and a phospholipid, with 1 μ g to 50 mg/human man per dose of poly(I):poly(C) which has a mean length within the range of 100 to 500 bp once through three times a day, every day, every other day, or on a weekly or fortnightly basis; and

2) inducing chiefly in the liver an effective amount of interferon.

5. (Cancelled)

6. through 7. (Previously Cancelled)

8. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 4, wherein the phospholipid is lecithin.

9. through 10. (Previously Cancelled)

11. (Cancelled)